# the Mountaineering of Alaska September 2014 Volume 57 Number 9 **Contents** Reality in the Nutzotin Mountains **Embracing the Choss: The First Ascent of Mount Eva**

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**Peak of the Month: Lemming Peak** 

Monthly meeting: 6:30 p.m., Tuesday, September 16

Program: Fredrik Norrsell and Nancy Pfeiffer present kite skiing the Arctic

Coastal Plain.

Life's a bit like mountaineering—never look down.

-Edmund Hillary

# The Mountaineering Club of Alaska

www.mtnclubak.org

"To maintain, promote, and perpetuate the association of persons who are interested in promoting, sponsoring, improving, stimulating, and contributing to the exercise of skill and safety in the Art and Science of Mountaineering."

Join us for our club meeting at 6:30 p.m. on Tuesday, September 16, at the BP Energy Center, 1014 Energy Court, Anchorage, Alaska.

http://www.alaskageology.org/graphics/meetingmap.gif

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#### **Cover Photo**

Kevin Cooper with a full pack ascending fixed lines up the initial two pitches to begin the final ascent of Mount Johnson. Photo by Ryan Jennings.

**Article Submission:** Text and photography submissions for the *Scree* can be sent as attachments to <a href="mailto:mcascree@gmail.com">mcascree@gmail.com</a>. Articles should be submitted by the 24<sup>th</sup> of each month to appear in the next issue of the *Scree*. Do not submit material in the body of the email. Do not submit photos embedded in the text file. Send the photo files separately. We prefer articles that are under 1,000 words. If you have a blog, website, video, or photo links, send us the link. Cover photo selections are based on portraits of human endeavor in the outdoors. Please submit at least one vertically oriented photo for consideration for the cover. Please submit captions with photos.

#### Monthly Meeting: Tuesday, September 16, at 6:30 p.m.

Program: Fredrik Norrsell and Nancy Pfeiffer present kite skiing the Arctic Coastal Plain.

#### **Climbing Notes**

Sam Zmolek reported that on July 16 Candice Young and he climbed Peak 1954 in the Small Bay and Ugadaga Bay drainages of Unalaska Island, dubbing it Misty Mountain. He also reported climbing Peak 2650 in the Shaishnikof River and Uniktali Bay drainages on Unalaska Island on July

Steve Gruhn and Dave Hart climbed Peak 6150 in the Alpine Creek and Windy Creek drainages of the Clearwater Mountains on August 9.

Steve Gruhn and Ben Still climbed Axis Peak (5161), Peak 4759 in the Crescent Lake and Kenai Lake drainages, and Mortar Mountain (4730) in the Kenai Mountains on August 20. Ben also climbed Right Mountain (5085) the same day. They found cairns on or near the summits of each of these peaks.

We look forward to reading detailed accounts of each of these climbs in an upcoming issue of the Scree.

### Hiking and Climbing Schedule

⇒ *MCA Ice Fest.* September 27-28. See page 3 for more information.

#### **Volunteer Needed**

The MCA will be needing an Assistant Scree Editor starting in April 2015 with the May 2015 *Scree*. The position requires the use of Microsoft Publisher (or similar) software and requires approximately six hours per month. If interested, contact Steve Gruhn at scgruhn@gmail.com.

Online? Click me!







Check the Meetup site and Facebook for last minute trips and activities. Or, schedule one that you want to organize.

# **Mountaineering Club of Alaska Ice Fest 2014**



Want to learn to ice climb or improve your current techniques?

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Visit <u>www.mtnclubak.org</u> and the Training webpage for more info or email: <u>mcaicefest@gmail.com</u>.

Contact: Jayme Mack, 907-382-0212

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## Reality in the Nutzotin Mountains

#### Text and photos by Carl Battreall

Our objective, Peak 8514, or Hidden Peak, rises above the huge unopened boxes. We went to the bar and were quickly hustled almost always hidden from view.

"I think we might try and climb something," I said to Sy Cloud, "Hey, guys, could you hang out over here for a few minutes, we my longtime partner of Alaskan adventures.

"Really? What mountain? Where?" he responded with a mixture skepticism and intrigue.

"Well, need to photograph in the remote Nutzotin Mountains, but I am willing to take a few days off and focus on climbing a peak. None of them have names; don't even know if they have ever been climbed?" I replied.

That was all that needed to be said to seal the deal; remote, no names, unclimbed.

The Nutzotin Mountains the far eastern are anchor of the Alaska Range. Tucked in behind mighty Wrangell Mountains, and lingering on the Canadian border, the Nutzotin Mountains rarely visited by climbers, or anyone for that matter. The majority visitors visit historical mining town of Chisana. Gold was discovered there in 1913 and the rush lasted until the early 1920s. There are a few old buildings standing and about 20 hardy residents.

lateral moraine. We named it Hidden Peak because it was to the side of the building by an uncharacteristically Alaskan, well-groomed, young man.

are filming a shot of the front of the building," he pleaded.

When asked "what" they were working on, we learned that McCarthy had fallen victim to the new Alaskan disease. the reality show.

Since October, a film crew had been filming, interviewing and generally probing the full-time residents of McCarthy. The crew bolstered with great pride about the project, but all Sy and I could think was that it was going to be another highly manipulated, over-dramatized show that had a very little to do with what Alaska was really about, what it meant to go on a true Alaskan adventure, what real wilderness was.

Alaskans Most have grown tired of seeing our beloved state get turned Hollywood into fantasy. Reality shows and fictional movies, that are so absurd, so mindblowingly stupid that the whole world thinks that Alaska is full of uncultured idiots with quick tempers and that going into the Alaskan wilderness is a sure ticket

Our objective, Peak 8514, rises above the huge lateral moraine. We named it Hidden Peak because it was almost always hidden from view.

After a seven-and-a-half-hour drive from Anchorage, we arrived in McCarthy. It was mid-May, and the town was still waking up from its winter slumber. Buildings were partially boarded up and only a handful of people mingled around, the majority at the This interaction made us desperate to get out of Dodge. bar. Our cell phones didn't work, so we couldn't contact the pilot, Gary Green of McCarthy Air. We went to his shop and office, but it was locked up and stuffed to the ceiling with

to death, a suicidal mission into such extreme wilderness that only the most macho of people would dare go.

Ironically, only the Los Angeles film crew's cell phones worked, so I borrowed one and gave Gary a call. He had an interview



Our pilot, Gary Green of McCarthy Air.

with the film crew at 2:00 p.m. and would meet us afterward, around 3:00 p.m., in front of his office.

Sy and I loitered in sunshine, looking at brochures on flightseeing and glacier hiking. When Gary showed up he was flaunting a clean, red-and-black plaid flannel shirt and a cowboy hat. Sy wondered if it was for show or if that was how he really After some chitchat about all our shared dressed. acquaintances, he got down to business. He didn't have a key to his own office, but did have a credit-card swipe for his iPhone.

"How much was I going to charge you again?" he asked.

"Five hundred dollars apiece," I said.

"Right," he replied, unaware at the killer deal he was giving us. The other pilots I called wanted \$850 apiece to fly to the same spot; needless to say, I was pleasantly surprised when he quoted me \$500, round trip.

We loaded into his tiny truck and bumped along the dusty road to the "McCarthy International Airport." Gary filled the plane while we shuttled gear and packed the plane, loading the "sharps" - ice axes, climbing gear, poles, and all other accessories – in first, followed by packs.

"Okay, where are we going again?" Gary asked.

"Ugh ... Baultoff Creek," I said with apprehension.

"Yeah, right, get in." Gary gestured and we squeezed into his tin can, a silver, polished Cessna 180. He skipped the usual flight planes to be unnecessary or he wasn't quite in the tourist the Wrangell Mountains and I was blown away. **Imagine** desert and ice together. We swerved between huge, crumbling plateaus of red rock with glaciers dripping from their flat tops. It was a vision of the Earth's past, when the ice of the poles pushed much closer to the Equator, a few hundred million years ago. Off to the south we could see the massive white world of the Bagley Icefield and its countless ice-clad summits, some of the tallest in North America.

We shot out of the Wrangells over some rolling hills. It was a shock to go from those massive peaks to what appeared to be a flat landscape. I felt like it was criminal to leave those mighty Wrangell Mountains, and for what? A small collection of

insignificant humps? But the deeper we plunged into the Nutzotin Mountains, the quicker I forgot about the Wrangells and grew excited by our chosen mountains.

We raced into Baultoff Creek in a rage. The plane rattled and roared. I saw the strip ahead of us and figured we would do a pass over, there was no way we were going to land at the speed we were going, I was wrong. We touched down on the overgrown landing spot like a jumbo jet, skidding with flaps down. Before I could get my bearings, the plane was being whipped around 180 degrees, sputtering to a stop.

After unloading Gary asked, "So, when am I picking you guys up?"

"Ugh ... Sunday morning," I said with a concerned tone.

"Right," Gary nodded with a smile.

"We will be here by Saturday afternoon, so if you want to pick us up that night, you know, if the weather looks bad for Sunday, that would be fine," Sy said. Sy had to be back to work on Monday and was a little worried by Gary's nonchalant reply of our chosen pickup date.

I had been feeling lately like my wilderness journeys had been getting watered down. The last six or seven trips I have had a satellite phone. When we first started using them they were ONLY for emergencies and at five bucks a minute, there was no way we were going to make late night calls to our girlfriends.

jargon, either assuming we had spent enough time in bush But now you can rent one for a \$100 a week with 20 free minutes. They are no bigger than a large Smartphone. They had groove yet. Gary's casual demeanor was both refreshing and a become a mandatory piece of gear. The problem was that we little disconcerting. Within seconds we were buzzing into the were using them for non-emergencies, like calling family on a Wrangell Mountains. I have experienced at least 50 bush flights daily basis, getting frequent weather reports, calling the pilot in the mountains of Alaska, but this was my first time through early for pickup, just because we wanted to go home. In a fit of

rebellion, Sy and I decided to forgo the SAT phone. We could tundra. We were entertained by the cliff-side antics of Dall only rely on the pilot's word that he would come on the date we sheep. With warm food in our bellies, we came to the chose.

Gary raced out of the mountains as quickly as he came and a calming silence overtook us. We stood motionless, enjoying the The next morning we slogged up to our chosen base camp, at cool wind, the sound of the creek and the splendid landscape.

We lumbered under our heavy packs up Baultoff Creek. The rotten overflow ice was still solid and made for easy travel up the river bed. The same could not be said for the lingering snow, which had absolutely zero strength. One wrong step and we were up to our knees in watery slush. The patches became more frequent, so we choose to climb over hills and loose rock. After we established camp, we went bounding across the than suffer through the foot-numbing smoothie.

Another piece of technology I had come rely too heavily on was Google Earth. I have come to rely on its high-resolution images to choose photography locations and routes through remote wilderness. However, much of Alaska has poor image quality and the Nutzotin Mountains were one of those areas. This meant we had to rely on our 60-year-old topographic maps and our years of backcountry experience. This just added to the value of our journey and simply made every decision more rewarding.

Tired and hungry, we made camp around 10 p.m. We watched pink light dance on the rounded peaks as we relaxed on the

conclusion that few things are better than a spring evening in the Alaskan wilderness.

the base of the massive terminal moraine of the Baultoff Glacier. It was getting harder and harder to avoid the patches of soft snow, so we took are chances on the unstable, lichen-spotted boulders of the moraine. We were often seduced by the smooth ease of the snow, quickly cursing our poor decision as we struggled to extract ourselves from the frozen mush.

moraine, free of our heavy burdens. We hunted for views of the surrounding peaks. I had picked a handful of peaks that, from looking at the map, could have potential for fun climbing. None of them had names nor any recorded ascents. The fact that we had to make our own route decisions, no guidebooks to refer to, no beta from others, was so liberating, so exciting, that our stomachs ached with anticipation and anxiety. High up on the moraine a large peak came into full view and instantly we knew that we would try to climb it.

I realized that I hadn't heard a plane or seen a jet since we were dropped off (and we wouldn't our entire trip), a rarity in Alaska, or anywhere in the world, for that matter. We watched a



Sy Cloud on the summit of Hidden Peak, Peak 8514, Nutzotin Mountains.

skinny, calico fox hunt ground squirrels as we told stories and inches... at about five inches, he switched to snowshoes, so I did shared our growing fondness for the Nutzotin Mountains.

clouds stretched over the summits, a sign of approaching The sun began to crest the distant mountains and he was weather. A few hours later and we were in a full-on storm. We enjoying its warmth. The sunlight on the snow would hasten the dove into the tent and watched it bend with each punishing snow-softening process; our time was running out, it was time to gust, which easily reached 45 miles an hour. Snow came whirling down from above and worked its way into every weak spot. The heavy snow began to build up under the tent's fly, coating its mesh body.

After a restless night we woke to partial clearing. With hazy minds, we dragged ourselves out into a new scene, winter. Luckily, by midday the sun was blazing again and the new snow melted quickly. During the storm, I had gotten up in the middle of the night to take a leak and walked out onto the old snow; it was firm and held my weight. That confirmed what I had suspected, the only chance we had on climbing any mountain was to leave at 3:00 a.m. and try to get back down before the snow got too soft, which was around 8:00 a.m.

After a day of lounging and exploring, Sy went to bed early. I wanted to crawl into my bag, too, but I am a photographer, driven by a subconscious force, an uncontrollable need to follow the light until it has faded into darkness. I stumbled into the tent around midnight. It's always hard to sleep before an alpine start, I was anxious about what we would discover higher up. We couldn't see the mountain, it was hidden from our camp, nor could we see the summit from our mountain-view spot; we had no idea what to expect.

Under a bright, glowing night sky, we walked up the old river ice toward the toe of the glacier. Its crusty surface made for easy large swatches of snow and were pleasantly surprised by their until it was totally necessary, knowing how much more slowly snow softened up and would no longer support us.

at the tent. decided he would keep going up the glacier and I would try to the reality of real Alaskans. catch up.

I dropped my pack and sprinted down the river, happy that it journey, read my post at was still frozen enough to support myself running in boots. I http://thealaskarange.com/2014/05/20/grizzly-gorge/. reached the tent and bolted back. I did the round trip in 45 minutes.

I reached my pack and scanned the mountain, looking for Sy and was surprised to see him so low on the mountain. I followed his tracks as they grew deeper into the snow. One inch, two

the same.

As the evening approached, the wind began to pick up. Low I caught up to him as he lounged in the snow, eating a snack. push ourselves. I took over the burden of leading through the soft snow. The stellar views were becoming a distraction, a sea of endless peaks. We reached the large plateau below the main summit pinnacle, quicker than we expected. We had two ascent options. One was a huge 40-degree face, about 800 feet high. There was some obvious slide activity on the face, and after the all the new snow and wind, we decided it was too sketchy.

> Our other option was the south ridge. It was a very aesthetic, narrow ridge with delicate cornices and a few steep bugles. It looked great. We decided to stay un-roped and switched to crampons. I let Sy have the honor of leading the way up the beautiful precipice. We shuffled around a few rocky sections, crampons desperately gripping the loose rock. The views just kept getting more and more outstanding. Our excitement grew as the ridge became less steep and the sky above grew larger and larger with each step. I felt like surging to the top, adrenaline at its maximum, but we both knew we needed to be wary of the Alaska Range's infamous, hidden summit crevasses.

> Without incident we arrived on the skinny summit. We both smiled, it was a 360-degree view, clear as could be. The mighty Wrangell Mountains demanded our attention, rising up like frozen sentinels, guarding the sea. It was flawless, a perfect summit. Everything went as planned. It was pure bliss and, yet, I wasn't completely at peace.

travel through the jumbled moraine. With hesitation we crossed I couldn't help thinking that it was all too easy. Was this really an adventure? What would others think? Dull and boring, I firmness, we knew that once we got out of the moraine, it was figured. No speed records or extreme routes accomplished, no all snow. We had brought snowshoes, a last-minute decision epics, no fighting, no animals out to eat us; there was no drama, that we were happy we made. We decided not to wear them no story for Hollywood. I realized that no matter how much I had tried to avoid all the crap about Alaska and modern we would travel once they were on. We needed to move as "adventure," it still had sunk into my own subconscious. I sat quickly as possible in order to summit and get down before the down and took a deep breath and looked at Sy, who was enjoying the moment, feet dangling off the steep north face.

About an hour up, I decided to take a photograph of Sy coming I came to the conclusion that I didn't want or need any of the up through the moraine and then realized I had left my camera drama our society told me was required for a modern Over 20 years as a working professional adventure. For Sy and me, this journey was everything we photographer and I had forgotten my camera! If I went down to needed from the mountains. Alaska had given us the gift of true get the camera, we would lose valuable time, possibly killing our wilderness. We felt isolated and remote, but not alone. It was a summit attempt. But Sy and I knew I had to go back. We classic good time, with a good friend, in a truly wild place; it was

If you want to know what happened during the rest of our

This expedition was part of Carl's Alaska Range Project. Check it out at www.thealaskarange.com.

## Embracing the Choss: The First Ascent of Mount Eva

By Josh Solomon

no more than two weeks prior, I had just barely begun to ex- jerky, and donuts, we were finally on our way. I will also now plore the mountains surrounding Resurrection Bay when fellow admit to the fact that our ascent of Eva was assisted by a rightguides Trevor Kreznar, Andrew Farrell, Henry Gates, and I decid- eous 1987 Toyota Land Cruiser driven by Exit Glacier Guides ed to make our way up the 4,993-foot Mount Eva on June 4, owner and resident off-roader, Brendan Ryan. Brendan kindly 2014. What better way to get my introduction to Kenai Moun- dropped us off on the far side of Kwechak Creek, enabling us to tains mountaineering?

With only a bit of anecdotal knowledge about the mountain and its climbing history, we scoured the internet for more information. Much to our surprise, we came upon a YouTube video put together by local climbers, Harold and Matt Faust. Their summit attempt was cut short by an exposed, chossy mess of a After wandering for a few minutes, we stumbled upon the "trail" was that we would convince ourselves summiting would be a New York. good idea.

Having arrived in Seward to start guiding for Exit Glacier Guides cery-store pit stop to pick up much-needed Clif Shot Blocks, beef start our trek with dry boots [Ed. note: Although the USGS maps label the stream flowing from the Bear Lake Glacier as Salmon Creek, the Kenai Peninsula Borough and the U.S. Forest Service call that stream Kwechak Creek above its confluence with Lost Creek].

spire at the top of the mountain. The final shot of their lead that would serve as our highway through the thick alders and climber grinning and turning around after only about a quarter devil's club. Inevitably, it turned out to be more of a metaphoriof the way up had us wondering what we might be getting into. cal pothole-laden dirt road than the highway we had envisioned. Nonetheless we decided to, at the very least, go play around on We quickly lost the path and decided to just truck straight up the glacier, or maybe even the steep snow slope up to the ridge. along the fall line. I emerged above timberline with more than a As probably the least experienced – and consequently the most few imbedded thorns and a newfound appreciation for my lackconservative – of the group, the worst-case scenario in my mind luster, but nonetheless clear, Adirondack trails back in upstate

Despite the bushwhack, the meadows that opened up in front of As to be expected with four twenty-somethings planning a day us were spectacular. The recent snowmelt had unveiled a lushout in the mountains, our planned 5:00 a.m. alpine start time green landscape strewn across the hummocky deposits of glaciquickly turned into a leisurely 10:30 a.m. departure. After a gro- ers past. We continued to meander our way to the start of the

> glacier at the top of the bowl. The four of us geared up and tied into the rope with Trevor up front, followed by Henry, me, and Andy. After running through some potential crevasse rescue scenarios, we embarked across the mostly snowcovered ice that stood between us and the peak. From this point, the glacial travel was fairly straightforward as we were able to avoid the major icefalls and find safe snow bridges over the few menacing crevasses along our path.

After about 4.000 or so feet of elevation gain, we were staring straight up the 45- to 50-degree headwall of this large cirque. A bergschrund about a third of the way up the slope below the peak



The team all roped up and ready to go. Mount Eva and the headwall we climbed up are in the center of the photo. Photo by Andrew Farrell.

up to my upper thighs, I began to question my efforts to mimic us with the eagerly awaited "Off belay!" call. my father's stylish short shorts and gaiters look from photos I found of him mountaineering in the Brooks Range in the late 1980s. I like to think he would be proud of my look.

We crested the ridgeline about 100 meters north of the summit. of rock to the top. Once on top, the world was laid out in front My stomach lurched as I peered over the other side with the massive Bear Lake Glacier almost half a vertical mile beneath me. I glanced at it just long enough to appreciate the beauty, but not quite long enough to psych me out of what lay ahead of me. Then we began our traverse along the ridgeline. After just a few steps, everything I had heard about the Seward rock quality was confirmed. My crampons scraped across the loose rock,

occasionally dislodging basketball sized chunks of this fissile slate. handholds that were supposed to be preventing me from ending up as glacial sediment in the lateral moraine on the side of the glacier weren't much better. We continued along through this for what seemed like an eternity.

After the traverse, we skirted around



The team summit photo. From left to right, Trevor Kreznar, Josh Solomon, Andy Farrell, and Henry Gates. Photo by Andrew Farrell.

point where our YouTube inspirations stood just a few years before us. Looking up the obvious zig-zagging line, we couldn't help but feel like it would go. It was clear that the rock was unstable and protection would be minimal, but it was definitely doable. After a few minutes of amping himself up, Trevor Kreznar tied himself into the sharp end of the rope. He then methodically navigated the face, stripping off loose material before feeling confident enough to trust his hands and feet on the metasedimentary rock beneath him. I nervously watched him pick his way up this route, constantly wondering whether this risk was worth taking. Anxiety amongst those of us watching and Henry belaying was apparent, as our normally enthusiastic

sent us farther to the climber's left on a more indirect route. and chatty crew turned silent. Even with all that was at stake, The 6-foot-7-inch man-child, Andy, took the lead up the snow- Trevor's experience in the mountains allowed him to remain field, with his long legs creating impossibly large steps for the level headed and continue what was turning out to be more of a rest of us sub-6-foot folk. As I hopped along between postholes free-solo up the summit spire. A wave of relief rushed over all of

> Once Trevor reached the top, the rest of us climbed up on a top rope he had built off of a horn on the summit. Of course once on top rope, it was nothing more than a leisurely 5.6, or so, pitch of us. The small coastal town of Seward was swallowed whole by the gargantuan landscape of Alaska. Views truly don't get much better than that.

We stayed up there long enough to get our team summit photo and began our two pitches of rappelling back down to the snow. An extended glissade down the 45-degree snow slope brought

us back down onto the glacier. already-dwindling supply of Shot **Blocks** dewas voured within a few minutes of beginning our long descent. About three hours later, stumbled up to the car, drove back to town, and celebrated with a victory burger and beer at a local bar. wondered who else had been up there, thinking at least one or two of the

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just below the summit spire and found ourselves at the exact local guys had done it. After contacting the MCA, it turned out we had gotten the first recorded ascent.

> My first foray into the Kenai Mountains proved to be both exhilarating and rewarding. It's funny how a little bit of exposure and lackluster rock quality can turn an avid East-Coast sport climber into a shaky-legged Elvis impersonator. Mount Eva pushed me outside of my comfort zone in the perfect way. I learned that mountaineering is about managing risk, not avoiding it entirely. With the right equipment, experience, and crew of great mates, getting a little uncomfortable can be just what you need and really the reason many of us are out there doing what we do. I can't wait for the next adventure and another opportunity to shake in my boots.

#### **Augustin Peak**

Text and photos by Ben Erdmann



Augustin Peak from the Trident Glacier.

In retreating back home from the Shadows Glacier after the successful line on the east face of The Citadel [Ed. note: See the November 2013 Scree], we flew southeasterly over the dividing granite spines and through the quiet corner of the triple-forked Trident Glacier arenas, the agitated mass of Augustin Peak owning the landscape. For a year this remote region of a far-removed range collected logistics surrounding our anticipated return.

Our research yielded the reports (Gwen Cameron wrote up well in an *Alpinist* article) easily found on the internet, but with minimal documentation, without photographs, and from over 30 years ago. Through more local in-person inquiry Jess Roskelley and I ended up in the Talkeetna log cabin of a longtime National Park Service Ranger staring through a magnifier over a light table and slides older than either of us. The well-worn collection of stacks of papers at the NPS hinted with a single-line description of Augustin Peak: an ice face on the northeast aspect.

After the Kichatna Mountains flushed themselves of a dozen-day storm, Jess and I simul-climbed the northeast face, up and down, in a day.

The weather window brought in the first glimpse of spring to the glaciated world, the smell of green from the upper Yentna forks and into the Susitna expanse wafted in. When Roskelley and I regained the glacier and our skis, we encountered a single butterfly,



Jess Roskelley on the summit of Augustin Peak.

spread in full pose, poised at the lip of our track. The three-hour ski back to our base camp unfolded in the blissful glow of a climb and the laughter of being greeted back by butterflies, one after another until there were dozens, all standing straight at attention along the double line of our ski track, as if the warm winds of spring brought them into the sterile glaciated world, and with the turn of the sun around the shoulder of some mountain, a shadow and rapid drop of temperature brought them in ... aiming for the only reference in a homogenous spread of ice.

### "Stairway to Heaven" on Mount Johnson

By Ryan Jennings



Route of "Stairway to Heaven" on the North Face of Mount Johnson. Photo by Carl Battreall.

the strength and endurance? Will we have the initiative?

Our obsession, the North Face proper, is an alpinist's dream and simultaneous nightmare. A pyramid-shaped wall dripping with veins of white rises vertically 4,500 feet above a valley of chaos. A hanging corner high looks promising, though, like chocolate coating over an already sweet treat. It is obviously more than worthy of an effort. Hanging seracs block access to the wall. Approaching alone presents significant challenge. The wall rears up like a giant wave and curls overhead when below. The lower wall is less slabby than one would wish, noticeably void of cracks, and heavily guarded by a giant roof cutting across much of it. Also lacking cracks, this roof appears near impossible to bypass. Just gaining access to the snowfield above could possibly be the crux of the route.

In early 2014 Kevin Cooper and I, both from Colorado, received a Doug Chabot and Jack Tackle are the only successful team to great boost toward making dreams reality when we were have ascended the North Face previously via a large gash on the awarded the Mugs Stump Award to attempt a line on the North far right of the wall. An American Alpine Journal account of their Face of Mount Johnson within The Great Gorge of the Ruth eventual ascent of "The Elevator Shaft" in 1995 contained a Glacier in Denali National Park. For this we are extremely large photo of the North Face appearing near the beginning of grateful and yet apprehensive. Will we have the skills and their story. [Ed. note: See page 72 of the 1996 AAJ.] The photo determination to remain faithful to Mugs' ideals? Will we have stops me, captivates me and immediately starts a long-term obsession. It sweeps me and, as it would turn out, my soon-tobe partner Kevin Cooper up in a nearly 20-year affair with ice, rock, and the ultimate, and for us inevitable combination, alpine mixed. Upon reflection the synchronistic nature of events that unfold seems hand delivered from the cosmos.

> This is not the first time we've been here. In 2003 we attempted this face, but quickly fell down "Shaken, Not Stirred" on the nearby The Mooses Tooth formation, our warm-up route, when a fixed anchor gave way. We go home early, but alive.

> Since then we take on families and jobs. Time is tight; money is tight, and yet the dream still remains. Responsibilities and commitments hold firm, bodies age, and yet we know we must go. I've stared at the face on my screen for the past four months and I'm attached to the idea. The previous year has been good for our psyche. We have squeezed in some impressive ascents

back in Colorado and our focus is strong. The timing would never be better.

Arriving in Talkeetna late in the evening April 20<sup>th</sup>, we have finally returned. We awake the next day and make our way to Talkeetna Air Taxi to hop a quick flight onto the Ruth. As the pilot swings close to our wall, reality sets in. The wall is beyond my imagination and more void of features than I'd imagined, taking on a blank slab appearance for most of the lower and middle sections and steeper than I'd thought. My thoughts on the outcome are not good.

After taking in the grandeur of The Great Gorge and setting up camp, we head to the wall. A slightly steep climb up 60-degree snow, left of the hanging seracs, deposits us safely at the base. We've picked out two possible options, but we will attempt the

more slabby-looking left line we hope will lead to the left edge the protection, or lack thereof, is foreboding. At the belay the of the giant roof and onto the snowfield above. There we anticipation is unbearable, but I feel we have luck on our side, believe the true start of our climb will present itself.

After crossing the bergschrund Cooper sets off up the wall. His first swings bounce off rock, but the thicker névé is solid and quickly he is high above me fighting to get protection in a steep left-facing corner. I later learn multiple Black Diamond Peckers protect this section of M6, but cracks are present and inspiration abounds.

Returning a day later, we ascend our rope and I rack up. Mushrooms of snow hang in my way below the roof, but soon I'm riding the last one with solid gear above in the roof. A blank slab works around the edge of the roof. Thoughtful mixed moves on solid granite stretch me out left into a thankfully protectable, yet improbable, micro-corner leading straight up to "Hell, yeah, we're in there!" I shout in the snowfield. celebration as loud as possible while I quickly set up a belay. Could it be so simple? I can't believe we are on the wall! We fix a line and return to camp. Our plan has always been to take it slowly, step by step, and so now we wait patiently for the proper weather window.

May 1<sup>st</sup> dawns and we awake relaxed. It's obvious today is the day. Packs loaded, we ski the half hour downglacier and run up familiar ground to the fixed lines. Kevin starts up first and proves the large overhanging 'schrund crossing on Jumars will be hard. An hour later and we are both at the high point.

"Watch out!" I yell as another spindrift avalanche deposits snow to the left of Kevin as he traverses right, high on the hanging snowfield over the giant roof below. This traverse is easy, but



Ryan Jennings climbing out of the Hideaway bivy to start Névé's Nightmare pitch at the beginning of Day 3. Photo by Kevin Cooper.

techniques in our quiver, full packs of gear and skills to test. We arrive at a cave below Pitch 4 to a constant stream of spindrift and debris falling from above and fear lurks.

The now-dubbed Safe House belay cave provides shelter as we wait out falling debris dislodged from the day's first rays far above. Sounds of falling ice and the hiss of spindrift bring visions of the consequences of being hit should I decide to begin. Fear thumps in my brain as possible scenarios swirl. A calm air finally settles in, though, and I stand to start. Long leashes hold my harness to my seemingly solid picks and I'm comforted. A solid piece presents itself quickly, and then 20 feet higher, another, less solid. Then the inevitable; protection ceases and I waste half an hour fighting to place my final option, a vertical picket. I finally give up and decide the angle must ease just above the next bulge. "Just keep going!" I murmur, but salvation is much further over that bulge than I fathom. Three and a half hours and 700 vertical feet later, I still search for a belay.

Forced to climb 100 feet up and left of the start of the next pitch to finally get gear, I have set us up to have to down-climb to begin up the thickest névé on the vertical next pitch. It looks overhanging at one point, but I think I see possibilities for pro.

"Kevin sure will be scared up there!" I laugh to myself.

"What do you think?" I state as Coop arrives at the belay, hoping for some sign of motivation.

"That went well!" he confirms. "You should continue leading."

I cringe, but agree we had a rhythm for the past few hours and impressive lead that includes one key Big Bro placement. I I'm riding on fate now. We brew up while I contemplate and Jumar, then take on a more moderate stretch of névé packed in then head out. We are some 1,500 feet up the wall and the corner, unfortunately ending in another chimney feature committed. All doubts of safety and sanity are held at bay. My capped by hanging snow. Chimneying up again, I find tiny gear only hope, an overlap far above and right will take a piece placements on the back wall and one high in the back of the before Kevin is forced to pull the anchor and down-climb to the chimney. The hanging snow looks desperate, so I search for start of this pitch. If not our ropes will arch free from me to him and we will once again be untethered to this wall.

The wall steepens as I approach the overlap and quickly I see it's too steep below to reach the potential cracks. comments on monolithic granite repeat in my ears, "No cracks guys! No cracks up there, I bet." I curse my earlier brashness.

I yell down to Cooper to remove the belay and begin following. I fear him slipping as he descends to the base of the pitch. I hang once again on six-inch-deep and now-vertical névé. My calves scream and I focus on surmounting the most immediate bulge above. Unfortunately, the névé remains steep for as far as I can see, but now it is thinner and less consistent. I want to cry. I do cry and then continue. Left, right, up, back down, left, then right. I dance in the direction the most solid snow takes me. Still no pro and we've been climbing for a long time. Roughly 600 feet out again and I spy a corner above and left. I need salvation! A dangerous, large snow mushroom hangs above this only corner, but I'm done. The threatening mushroom is less frightening than to continue on with no protection, so I belay.

Prayers take up my time at the belay as Kevin climbs to my position and finally takes the rack. Moments later he heads off into impending darkness and I finally am relieved. We're already twenty-something hours into our adventure and yet we've only climbed five pitches. We are well past the point of no return and I fight to hold back fear of the unknown.

Kevin traverses right 20 feet from my belay and up. He calls down for more screws and I'm elated. Then time passes until the rope comes tight. "He has to almost be there," I tell myself. Hours later I begin to worry we won't find a bivy spot. This pitch, 450 feet of WI4, turns to snow over slab halfway up, but eventually ends at the base of the corner in an alcove big enough to dig two body-sized platforms. Upon my reaching the belay, we dig platforms for the night and settle in as the sun begins to rise. We awake in full sun.

The corner above appears lower angle at first with a few steep sections to navigate. It has a much more chimney-like appearance than I had imagined. After breakfast I start up, find the first time on ascenders and I haul the packs on a micro-pull the final 20 feet of M6R and belay in the wall. traction.

More chimney and off-width on worse rock takes Kevin up an insist as Coop re-racks.

other options. I find an M5 traverse out left onto the face that leads to thicker névé, similar to that we had climbed the day before. Working my way across the traverse I hook névé and surmount an AI5 bulge and place a decent screw in the first water ice we had seen since the night before on Pitch 6. Kevin follows and we carve out two seats in the steep snow face in which to sit and brew up. We brew up dinner and take short catnaps as the sky turns dark. Comfort is short-lived, however, and soon Kevin starts up the next pitch.

An AI4 pitch leads into the night, stretching the rope to 180 feet before ending at an entrance to a cave. Shouts of joy rain down as Coop excavates an opening and flops in. On the go now for 40-plus hours, we are quick to dig the cave out enough to provide two beds side by side with feet hanging out. We pass out in seconds again as the sky begins to turn light. The Hideaway bivy is comfortable and we don't want to leave, but two hours later we awake due to the heat of the morning sun. Ice from the top of our cave drips and we know we need to get a move on or be forced to wait for cooler temperatures. We fear the minimal snice packed in the corner and warm temperatures of the day ahead, and so I set off on Day 3.

Névé's Nightmare pitch (named after Cooper's daughter, Névé) melts away at my feet. It's AI5R snice packed into the corner. It's beautiful! Numerous sections almost prove to be showstoppers as bulges prove problematic in the soft, thin snice. A day later this pitch would not have been climbable, it would melt out too much in the next day's morning sun. Our timing is impeccable.

Now we are close to the top of the corner. Kevin leads 90 feet of AI4 and quickly sets up a belay. "Looks good up here. Multiple options, it looks like. You're psyched!" Kevin proclaims. I arrive and only see one option, continuing up the corner on a snow ramp left. We hoped to head right to the summit snowfield here, but it's obvious we won't. Easy snow leads up 100 feet and rounds a corner. After the bend the couloir narrows into another chimney feature, but the rock is different here. Blocky, crumbly, non-consolidated stone falls away with every tool placement. Big blocks pull out, solid gear is a tunnel, avoid the first chockstone, and then skirt up a short hard to come by and it only gets steeper. Our training in snow ramp to what appears to be a "game-on" chimney. It gets Redstone, Colorado, proves invaluable here. The choss is extremely tight at one point, but leads through one of the similar. Tools swing into mud until they stick. The climbing is steeper sections. I work my way up, but fear I will not fit tedious and time-consuming. No anchors, no solid stone, no through the tight spot. The brittle rock falls apart when trying to way out! I calm and look high and left. A short 20-foot crux place crampons on tiny crystals and I fight the squeeze after leads to a snowfield, which might hold an anchor in its right removing everything from my person. I barely squeeze through, wall. Then another short 30-foot stretch of steep rock leads to shredding all my clothing in the process. We deem this pitch another snowfield stretching up to a black corner we had viewed "The Shredder." At M6, it is our seventh lead. Kevin follows for from base camp. The black corner we know reaches the ridge. I

> "Here's the aider, you're going to have to aid this next 30 feet," I Refusing, he starts up with

to serve as my anchor. I arrive, serve up a mean grimace, grab the pyramid summit and Kevin's waiting smile. the rack, and continue on.

down. A "Caaaw, caaaaw!" resounds from below and spirits are turn and head down. high. I aid, then step into another 40 feet of well-protected M6. The last piece of pro, a BD Pecker, seems fitting. On follow, Cooper sends the corner only to fall at the top, pulling into the M6 section. He thinks it would go free at M7.

Sitting at the screw belay just below the ridge with the sun setting, we brew up more water. We drink up, take some celebratory photographs and send Kevin off. "So ... should I just go to the ridge and walk up to the summit?" he asks. I'm a bit more apprehensive and upon reaching the ridge he calls down for the rack. A final headwall blocks our way. He will have to traverse left onto the East Face and then back to the ridge.

As the rope comes tight, I start to follow. Time seems to stand still as we slowly ascend for hours.

"Did you see the northern lights?" he shouts down.

"What?" I reply, annoyed I couldn't hear well.

"Did you see the northern lights? Turn around!"

determination, quickly dispensing the steep pumpy M6 section I turn and catch a most magnificent sight. I find it very fitting as to my amazement and delight. Unfortunately, finding a solid to be granted a view of the northern lights on the summit belay seems much harder. Two hours later the heavens finally push. Our dreams are coming true, the stars have aligned, the provide one small vein of solid granite with one small crack in heavens have shined down, and we are on our way to the which Kevin secures a medium Lowe Ball and one small #00 cam summit. I shed a brief tear and continue following the rope to

Twenty years in the making has come to fruition! We stand atop The black corner is overhanging, but not too much so. I call our dreams after only giving ourselves a five percent chance in down for the daisies and aiders, get some pro at a crumbling hell. Everything leading up to this moment seems destined. I've bulge, surmount it, and scramble up to the base of the never felt so connected to fate. A storm is brewing to the west corner. What I find was delightful. The rock again changes to and the wind is cold. We take the mandatory summit photos solid stone. A perfect splitter appears in the back that looks easy and I begin down the South Ridge. After 100 feet I turn and snap to aid. Thirty feet of aid followed by mixed climbing to a short a few more photos showing my tracks leading back alongside snowfield and the ridge. "We're home free; I got this!" I yell the rope to Kevin's headlamp shining from the highest point. I

> Aside from two core shots in the lead line and some seriously scary seracs hanging overhead, our descent is uneventful. Midmorning finds us back at the base of the wall and Paul Roderick flies overhead as we sit exhausted on our packs. Tilting his wing he salutes our efforts and we're glad he knows we're OK. The gesture is grand to us in our depleted state. We knew he and Tackle were concerned and anxious for our return and we were grateful to know someone was thinking of us.

> Conditions on the wall were exactly what we had hoped for, although more protection would have been appreciated. We did come prepared to run it out and possibly simul-climb long stretches on névé, but I don't believe either of us truly understood the length these pitches would extend to. We agreed our 20-plus years of climbing together gave us the trust required. I never once thought about my partner falling.

> Upon returning to camp and removing socks and boots, neither Kevin nor I can walk or touch our feet to anything. We crawl

> > into the tent on our hands and knees and lay in agonizing pain from apparent trench foot. Our tents have melted out during our time on the wall and camp is a disaster. Shawna Cooke and Steve Job of Seward save the day, though, with a care package from Jack Tackle and Fabrizio Zangrilli. A minute earlier I had stated, "I would give anything in the world for a beer right now." The care package contains a couple PBRs, a carton of cookies, some salt-and-pepper chips, and other great items. We feel blessed by the arrival of these angels. We thanked them a hundred times over and later thanked Tackle once back in Talkeetna. He thought it looked like a pretty cool route.

> > "Stairway to Heaven" AK 6, A1 M6 WI4 AI5+ X, 4,000 feet



Kevin Cooper heading back to camp after a reconnaissance mission to the base of Mount Johnson. The Gargoyle is visible at right. Photo by Ryan Jennings.

# **Twentymile Transect** March 21-25, 2014

Text and photo by Wayne L. Todd with Carrie Wang



Carrie Wang at the end of the Twentymile Transect shortly before commencing the bushwhack and coming to the cabin.

[Ed. Note: This is the third of a three-part story. See the July and August Screes for the first and second parts, respectively.]

#### The Exodus:

Almost 4,000 feet of vertical "relief" awaits us on southerly slopes. We ditch the original plan of descending the lesserangled south ridge, as directly below us (southwest) doesn't look bad and we don't want to traverse. Initially it's a fun ski of large turns on lower-angle snice with the sled swinging wide. The angle increases, as does the sled pull, especially on turns, and the sled begins flipping. Fuel is transferred to a pack. As the angle increases even more (linear or exponential relationship between angle and pull?), I need to edge hard to hold and now only make Z turns, and occasionally unwind the very twisted tow rope. A helmet and axe would be more comforting than just the Whippet I'm holding, as a slip here would be quite "unpleasant." At one point I ski directly to a 10-foot cornice wall and then have to side-slip down. Continuing down on the steep hardpack burns the legs and the mental energy.

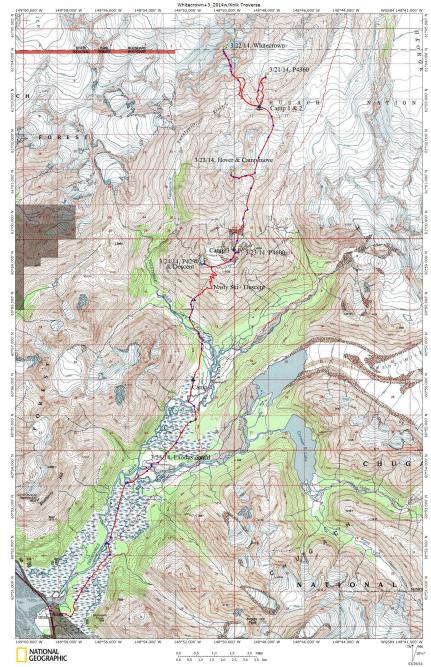
Eventually we're on chunky avalanche debris. Enough! So we transition to crotch-deep post-holing with Carrie leading and me still wrangling the sled. We want off the slope before it heats up Once in the broad open valley, we make camp at 7 p.m. With

packs, snagging brush. Another short plunge-step slope and we segue to low-angle firm snow. Ahhhhh. (Stick with the original plan unless ground-truthing shows significant reason to alter said plan.)

We continue boot hiking through modest brush, then traverse alongside a real stream glistening in the sun. Birds are heard. A fly buzzed by. We've entered spring! On the flats and out of harm's (avalanche) way, we take a long break and I gratefully pass off the sled.

Winding through the willow/alder mix with skis over firm snow, we travel about 1 mile per hour. At a stream we make numerous trips over a narrow snow-covered log. Amazingly, no one falls in. The few other streams encountered, getting larger, are more intelligently crossed using the Wiggy's Waders. Open snow patches occur more frequently, more appreciated by Carrie, the sled puller. We look at digital pictures taken from on high a couple times to assist our route selection. Animal tracks of moose, beaver, and hare get more frequent, especially along waterways, with an occasional coyote/wolf or wolverine/bear

any more – and it is already hot. We get cliffed out at brush line, minimal ground snow, we carefully stomp out a tent platform. I so then get to traverse in isothermic snow, with skis still on have the "wise" idea to Ziploc-wash my socks and underwear.



east long after we're in shade (blocked by Kinnikinnick Moun-

Unsure of our remaining exodus effort of 9 miles and wanting to be across the Glacier River before afternoon warming (and melting), we're up at 5:30 a.m. Some of my time is spent extricating a frozen sock from a shaped ski. Not wanting to cut the sock off, I wear the ski tip under my warm layers until the sock thaws enough to pull it off. Good thing for a second pair of socks.

With sun on the horizon and the top of Kinnikinnick, we Wiggy across the Twentymile River. Initial ski traveling is mostly open, but we enter a brush zone for a frustrating and slow bit. Unlike our exodus of 2012 with too much powder (over a 10-foot base), we are now seeking snow to avoid, or at least minimize, the

brush and prolific tufts of shrubbery. We have a long, good stint of hard, smooth snow with little brush punctuated by sun glistening off frosted plants and small ice streams. Thoughts of an easy and early exit are verbalized. Occasionally we follow streambeds to avoid brush, but they typically run perpendicular to our route and sometimes the ice doesn't hold our weight. Dwarf brush areas slow us slightly. A rear binding break is repaired, though no longer needed.

We make the Glacier River at 10:30 a.m. and cross knee-deep water. Judging by the adjacent snowline, the water gets much deeper later in the day. Though now proficient at crossing with the waders, it still requires a second trip to bring the sled across. We're excited at snowmachine tracks, thinking we have a smooth route out. Following the tracks on the creek ice, we encounter more and more open sections, requiring the standard de-skiing and sled ferrying. Bailing into heavy brush forces us briefly back on cracking and collapsing ice. When no longer practical, we bail off again and skin across snowless ground. Actually Carrie is skinless having the broadscaled skis, which are the preferred set-up on the flats. Traveling gets quite good again, though now on pure ice, or thin snice only inches thick, with marsh plants fingering through. The Twentymile River below the mouth of the Glacier River is now quite big, so we angle left and eventually get stuck between the river and a slough, just behind two moose, which we disturbingly lose track of. Back to Wiggy's and an ice, silt, and water crossing.

Approaching civilization, we encounter bird blinds and bicycle tracks, but rather than arc wide left (southeast, a known route), we impatiently try straight ahead. We continually bump along brush line until a clear cleft and think we're minutes from the truck. The cleft quickly segues to a path, then road, then structure. Odd, I've never seen this and strikes of Hansel and Gretel. We skirt by on the road confident of a finish just seconds away and WHAT, a

After wringing, I assume they'll dry overnight so I sleeve them 30-foot-deep mucky chasm blocks our exodus. The chasm has over branches and ski tips. Alpenglow remains on peaks to the had various structures across, now all in states of collapse at the bottom. Wiggy's on, carefully step and slide down the steep muck, cross water partly on submerged ladder, ascend frozen muck on opposite bank, repeat with next load, avoiding the quicksandy feeling area, and constantly aware that this will all be underwater in the next six hours. Wow, O.K., we're now more than ready for the nearby transport. We hear highway traffic nearby as we follow this road that seems to go and go with mini-brush blockades. It's another beautiful day, but we've had enough adventure. Abruptly the road opens up at the north end of the massive train depot parking lot and there sits the truck 50 yards away, concluding a varied eight-hour day and an amazing five-day traverse.

> The weather for the trip was: Day 1: warm and super sunny; Day 2: warm and super sunny; Day 3: warm and ....

### Peak of the Month: Lemming Peak

#### By Steve Gruhn

Mountain Range: Brooks Range; Endicott Mountains; Arrigetch including Locomotive Peak (6050), which Bullard, Reed, and

Peaks

Borough: Unorganized Borough

Drainages: Deceptive Pass Fork of Awlinyak Creek and Kobuk

River

Latitude/Longitude: 67° 21′ 8″ North, 154° 13′ 56″ West

Elevation: 6050 (±50) feet

Prominence: 1,200 feet from Mount Analogue (6179)

Adjacent Peaks: Mount Analogue, Peak 5605 in the Kobuk River drainage, Peak 5496 in the Awlinyak Creek and Kobuk River drainages, and Peak 5750 in the Deception Pass Fork of Awlinyak Creek drainage

Distinctness: 1,200 feet from Mount Analogue, Peak 5605, or

Peak 5496

USGS Map: Survey Pass (B-3)

First Recorded Ascent: July 1, 1974, by Helen Apthorp and Jeff

White

Route of First Recorded Ascent: Northeast face

Access Point: Takahula Lake

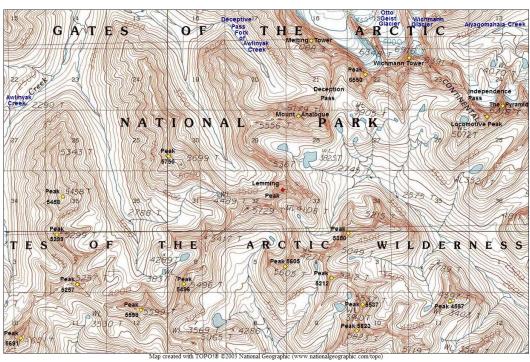
In June 1974, a seven-person party from Hampshire College was flown to Takahula Lake to begin a month-long climbing trip in the Arrigetch Peaks. Team members included Helen Apthorp,

Bill Bullard, Holly Crary, Jonathan Krakauer, Mark Rademacher, Ben Reed, and Jeff White. They spent two days backpacking up Aiyagomahala Creek and another day ascending and descending Independence Pass in wet, hip-deep snow. Once on the west side of Independence Pass, they established a base camp at about 3900 feet on a bench on the west side of Wichmann Tower's south ridge.

Members of the party then sought out interesting climbs, making ascents of three peaks, including Locomotive Peak (6050), which Bullard, Reed, and White climbed on June 21 via its west face. Apthorp, Rademacher, Reed, and White also attempted the northwest ridge of Xanadu Peak (7160), but turned back some 100 vertical feet from the summit. Then, on June 30, Apthorp and White set out to climb a peak with twin, sharp summit spires southwest of their base camp. They ran into intricate route-finding on often rotten rock on the northeast face. The ascent required some aid climbing on an overhang, resulting in a rating of F6 (equivalent to a Yosemite Decimal System rating of 5.6 A2). After a long day in the continuous early-summer daylight north of the Arctic Circle, they returned to base camp on July 1. The party named this peak Lemming Peak.

While other members of their party concentrated on other objectives, Apthorp and White also climbed Melting Tower (7068) on July 4 and The Badile (6565) on July 7. After a month in the Arrigetch, the party flew to Fairbanks.

The information in this summary came from Jon Krakauer's article titled "New Arrigetch Climbs," which appeared on pages 37 through 42 in the 1975 *American Alpine Journal*, and from Clint Cummins' Arrigetch Rock Climbs webpage (<a href="http://web.stanford.edu/~clint/arrig/">http://web.stanford.edu/~clint/arrig/</a>).



# MOUNTAINEERING CLUB OF ALASKA

#### MEMBERSHIP APPLICATION

The Mountaineering Club of Alaska (MCA) was formed in 1958 to promote the enjoyment of hiking and climbing in Alaska and the exploration of its mountains. We welcome all who wish to become members.

Participate and Learn: The MCA conducts scheduled hikes and climbs led by experienced club members, technical mountaineering and climbing courses, and other instruction throughout the year. The club maintains seven mountain huts in the nearby Chugach and Talkeetna mountains. The MCA's Vin Hoeman Library contains hundreds of books, numerous periodicals, bound volumes of the SCREE, and a 'Peak File' with information on local climbs. The club has climbing gear for trips and training, including ice axes, helmets, crampons, snowshoes, and avalanche beacons.

**Stay Informed:** The MCA publishes a monthly newsletter, **SCREE**, and emails it to all members. The **SCREE** contains announcements of upcoming events, the hiking and climbing trip schedule, and trip reports written by club members.

**Monthly meetings**: The third Tuesday of each month at 6:30 p.m. at the BP Energy Center at 1014 Energy Court (in Midtown Anchorage just south of the main BP building). Special events or changes to the meeting will be noted in the **SCREE** and on our website at: www.mtnclubak.org.

- Complete <u>both</u> pages of this form. Write neatly! To participate in club-sponsored trips, <u>EVERY MEMBER</u> must read and complete the Release of Liability Agreement on the back of this application.
- Please make checks payable to Mountaineering Club of Alaska, Inc.
- Mailed SCREE subscriptions are \$15 additional per year & are non-refundable. (1 SCREE/ family).
- Annual membership is through the 31st of December.
- Memberships paid after November 1st are good through December 31 of the following year.
- If applying by mail, please include a self-addressed, stamped envelope for your membership card.
   OR you may pick it up at the next monthly meeting.

Our address is: PO BOX 243561, Anchorage, AK 99524-3561

- Note: Mailed applications may take up to 6 weeks to process. Thank you for your patience.
- To join right now, sign up online at <u>www.mtnclubak.org</u>

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Revised 1/10/11

#### SIGN AND INITIAL THIS RELEASE OF LIABILITY— READ IT CAREFULLY

I
and trip leaders.)
(initial that you have read this paragraph)
GIVING UP MY LEGAL RIGHTS I agree to give up for myself and for my heirs all legal rights I may have against the MCA; my fellow participants in MCA activities (except to the extent that insurance coverage is provided by automobile insurance policies) and the State of Alaska and its employees regarding MCA backcountry huts. I give up these legal rights regardless of whether the injury, death, or property damage results from mistakes, negligence or reckless conduct of others. I understand this agreement shall remain in effect until I provide a signed, dated, written notice of its revocation to the MCA.
(initial that you have read this paragraph)
MY PROMISE NOT TO SUE I will not sue or otherwise make a claim against the MCA; my fellow participants in MCA activities (except as noted above for automobile accidents); and the State of Alaska and its employees regarding use of MCA backcountry huts, for injury, death, or property damage which occurs in the course of my participation or instruction in mountaineering and wilderness activities. Any lawsuit relating to MCA activities or this release shall only be filed in Anchorage, Alaska. The provisions of this release are severable and if any part is found unenforceable, the remaining provisions shall remain in effect.
(initial that you have read this paragraph)
MY RELEASE OF LIABILITY I agree to release and discharge the MCA; my fellow participants in MCA activities; and the State of Alaska and its employees regarding use of MCA backcountry huts, from all actions, claims, or demands, both for myself and for my heirs, dependents, and/or personal representative, for injury, death, or property damage occurring in the course of my participation or instruction in mountaineering and wilderness activities.
(initial that you have read this paragraph)
MY PROMISE TO INDEMNIFY I will pay all expenses, including attorney fees and court costs, that the MCA; my fellow participants in MCA activities; and the State of Alaska and its employees may incur as a consequence of any legal action arising out of injury, death, or property damage suffered by me in connection with any MCA activity or the use of any MCA backcountry hut.
(initial that you have read this paragraph)
MY CONSENT TO MEDICAL TREATMENT   I consent to any hospital or medical care that may be necessary as a result of my participation in MCA activities. I understand and agree that I am solely responsible for all charges for such medical treatment, including evacuation and/or rescue costs.
(initial that you have read this paragraph)
I HAVE CAREFULLY READ THIS AGREEMENT, UNDERSTAND ITS CONTENT, AND RECOGNIZE IT IS A BINDING LEGAL AGREEMENT
Dated: Signature:
Signature of Parent or Guardian (if under 18):

## **Mountaineering Club of Alaska**

President	Greg Encelewski	360-0274	Board member (term expires in 2014)	Andy Mamrol	717-6893
Vice-President	Carlene Van Tol	748-5270	Board member (term expires in 2014)	Elizabeth Bennett	830-9656
Secretary	Matt Hickey	651-270-4492	Board member (term expires in 2015)	Rachad Rayess	617-309-6566
Treasurer	Stacy Pritts	538-7546	Board member (term expires in 2015)	Joshua Clark	887-1888
Past President	Jayme Mack	382-0212	E al		

Annual membership dues: Single \$15, Family \$20

Dues can be paid at any meeting or mailed to the Treasurer at the MCA address below. If you want a membership card, please fill out a club waiver and mail it with a self-addressed, stamped envelope. If you fail to receive the newsletter or have questions about your membership, contact the Club Membership Committee at membership@mtnclubak.org.

The Scree is a monthly publication of the Mountaineering Club of Alaska. Articles, notes, and letters submitted for publication in the newsletter should be emailed to <a href="MCAScree@gmail.com">MCAScree@gmail.com</a>. Articles should be submitted by the 24<sup>th</sup> of the month to appear in the next month's Scree.

Paid ads may be submitted to the attention of the Vice-President at the club address and should be in electronic format and pre-paid. Ads can be emailed to vicepresident@mtnclubak.org.

Missing your MCA membership card? Stop by the monthly meeting to pick one up or send a self-addressed, stamped envelope and we'll mail it to you.

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